

1. HARVESTED AREA OF POTATOES
2. HARVESTED AREA OF VEGETABLES
3. HARVESTED AREA OF FEED AND FORAGE CROPS, FLOWERS, SEEDS AND SEEDLINGS

1. Harvested Area of Potatoes

The harvested area of sweet potatoes in 1969 (1971 for Okinawa Prefecture) was 122,000 ha., which were reaped by 1,640,000 farm households.

The Crop Statistics indicate that the yield of sweet potatoes in 1969 was 2,855,000 tons, the yield per 10 ares of planted area being 1,860 kg. The consumption of sweet potatoes is practically the same as the year's yield but has been decreasing since 1964. Classified by use, the consumption of sweet potatoes in 1969 was 40% for starch production, 27% for feed, 10% for marketing, 8% for consumption by farm households, 7% for distilled liquor, and 4% for seeding and other purposes.

The harvested area of Irish potatoes in 1969 was 128,000 ha., which were reaped by 3,120,000 farm households and sold by 400,000 farm households.

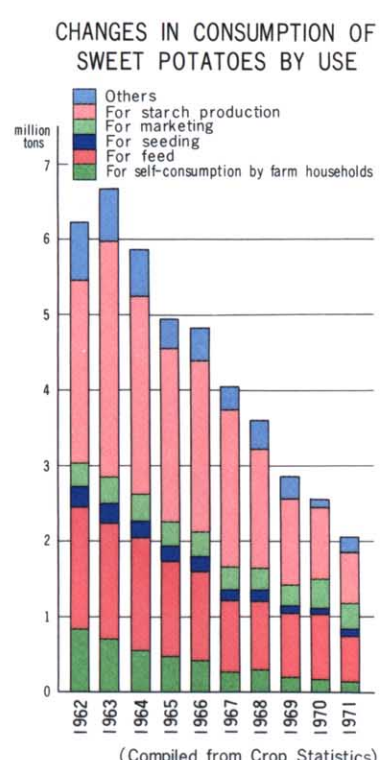
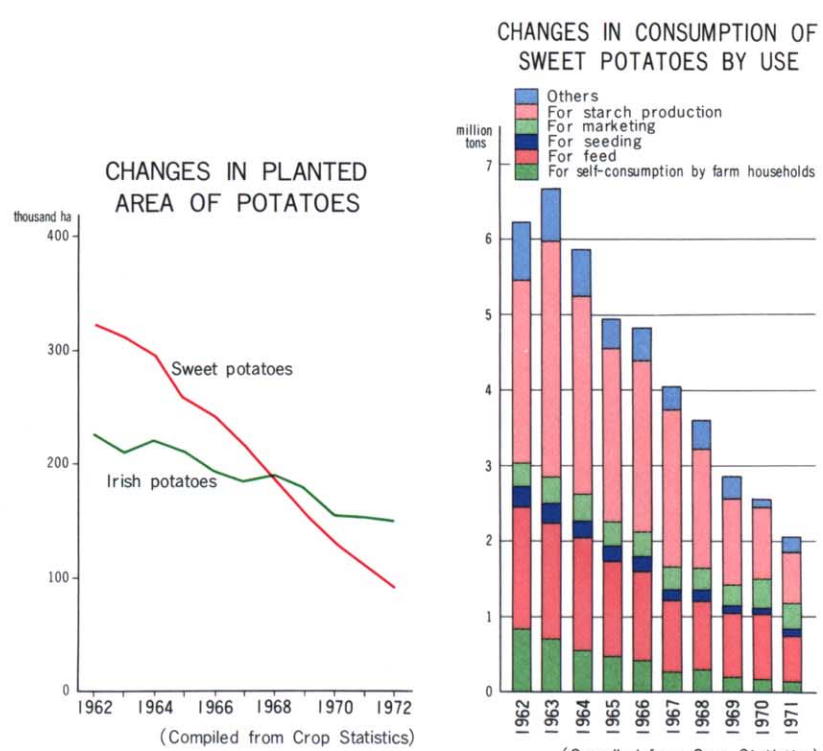
The Crop Statistics indicate that the yield of spring-planted Irish potatoes in 1969 was 3,474,000 tons, the yield per 10 ares of planted area being 2,050 kg, and also that the yield of autumn-planted Irish potatoes was 101,000 tons and the yield per 10 ares of planted area was 1,744 kg. The planted area of Irish potatoes has decreased, although not as conspicuous as that of sweet potatoes.

Salient Points of the Legend and Map Compilation

Of the many varieties of potatoes, only sweet potatoes and Irish potatoes were indicated on the map. Statistically, taros and yams are classified as vegetables.

Sources

1. Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry, 1970 World Census of Agriculture and Forestry.
2. Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry, 1971 Okinawa Census of Agriculture.
3. Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry, Crop Statistics, 1969 and 1972.



2. Harvested Area of Vegetables

The harvested area of vegetables in 1969 (1971 for Okinawa Prefecture) was 367,000 ha. They were reaped by 4,500,000 farm households and sold by 1,100,000 farm households. The ratio of vegetable harvesting farm households to all farm households stood at 84%, lower than the 90% and 86% marked in 1960 and 1965, respectively. On the other hand, the percentage of farm households in whose farm produce receipts from vegetables ranked first stood at 20% of the farm households selling vegetables in 1965 but rose to 27% in 1970.

In terms of harvested area, 80% of the farm households reaping vegetables fell in the bracket of less than 0.1 ha., 14% in the bracket of 0.1-0.3 ha., 3% in the bracket of 0.3-0.5 ha., and 3% in the bracket of more than 0.5 ha.

The percentage of vegetables in the gross agricultural product increased from 8.3% in 1960 to 11.7% in 1965 and further to 13.6% in 1969.

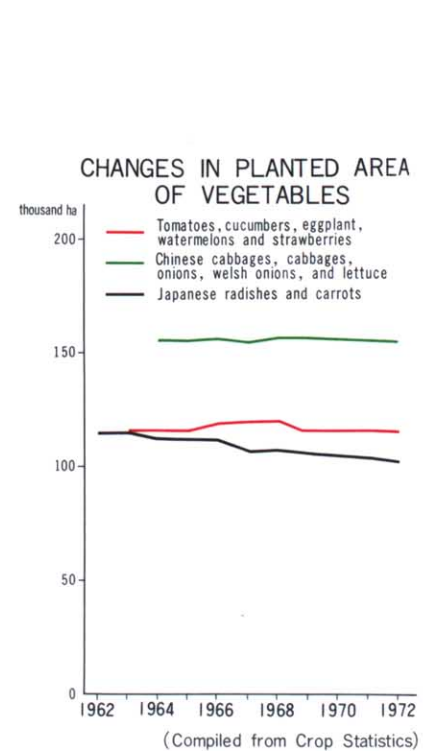
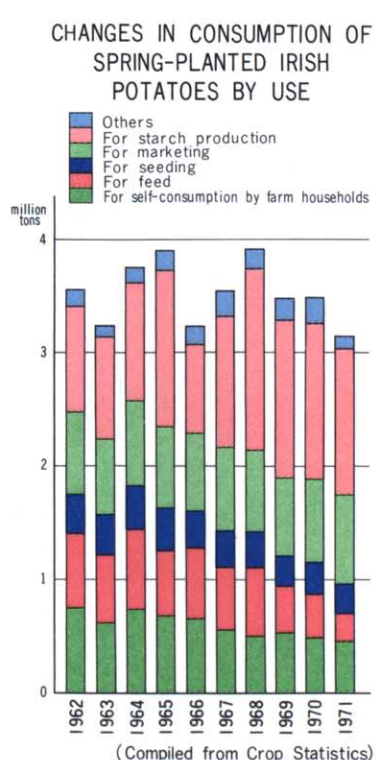
Salient Points of the Legend and Map Compilation

The crops classified into 12 categories according to the 1970 World Census of Agriculture and Forestry were tabulated according to three categories—vegetables, green vegetables and rootcrops—and shown in this map.

This map does not show the harvested area (8,000 ha.) of vegetables in greenhouses.

Sources

1. Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry, 1970 World Census of Agriculture and Forestry.
2. Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry, 1971 Okinawa Census of Agriculture.
3. Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry, Crop Statistics, 1972.



3. Harvested Area of Feed and Forage Crops, Flowers, Seeds and Seedlings

The harvested area of feed and forage crops in 1969 (1971 for Okinawa Prefecture) was 338,000 ha. for pasture, 54,000 ha. for green corn, 46,000 ha. for Chinese milk-vetch, 21,000 ha. for rootcrops for cattle, and 12,000 ha. for others, amounting to a total of 471,000 ha. Pasture, rootcrops for cattle and green corn were greatest in Hokkaidō in terms of harvested area and Chinese milk-vetch was greatest in Kagosima Prefecture.

The Crop Statistics indicate that the yield in 1969 included 14,820,000 tons of pasture, 3,230,000 tons of green corn, 1,380,000 tons of Chinese milk-vetch and 1,900,000 tons of others. There has been a conspicuous increase in the planted area of pasture due to the development of large-scale pastures and others. In regard to the kinds of pasture, there has been a drop in the planting of pulses, but the planting of the rice family and the mixed planting of the rice and pulse families have been on the increase. There was a decrease in the planted area of Chinese milk-vetch, but there has been a slight increase in the planted area of green corn.

The harvested area of flowers, seeds and seedlings was 18,800 ha. This total figure included 1,700 ha. of bulbs, 7,400 ha. of cut flowers, flowering plants, foliage plants and ornamental plants, and 9,700 ha. of seeds and seedlings, including seedlings for afforestation. By kind, the top three prefectures in terms of harvested area were Kagosima Prefecture, Niigata Prefecture and Toyama Prefecture for bulbs, Sizuoka Prefecture, Tōkyō Prefecture and Tiba Prefecture for cut flowers, and Hukuoka Prefecture, Saitama Prefecture and Mie Prefecture for seeds and seedlings.

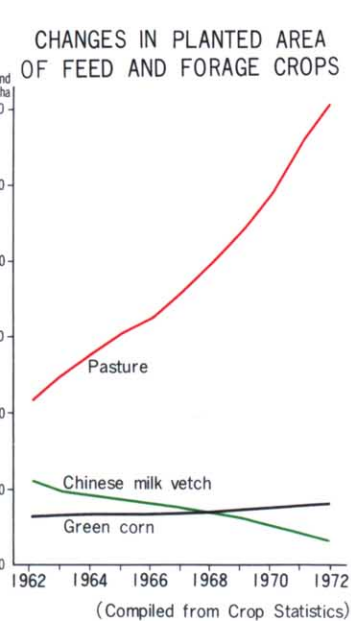
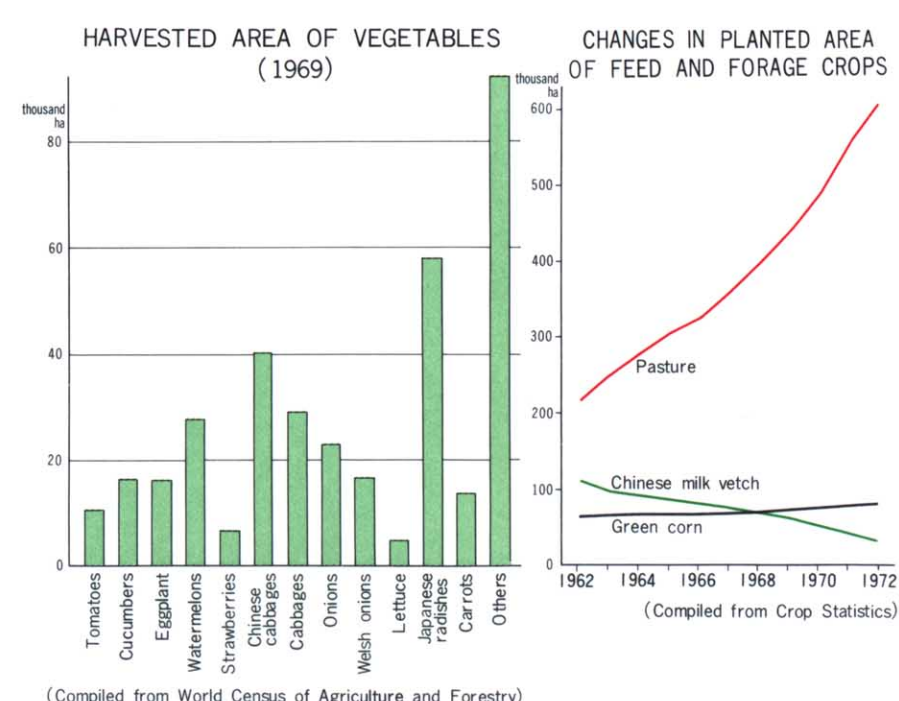
Salient Points of the Legend and Map Compilation

The Chinese milk-vetch, a feed crop, includes those for seeding.

Garden plants, seedlings and ornamental plants include only those for sale. This map does not show the harvested area of ornamental plants in greenhouses.

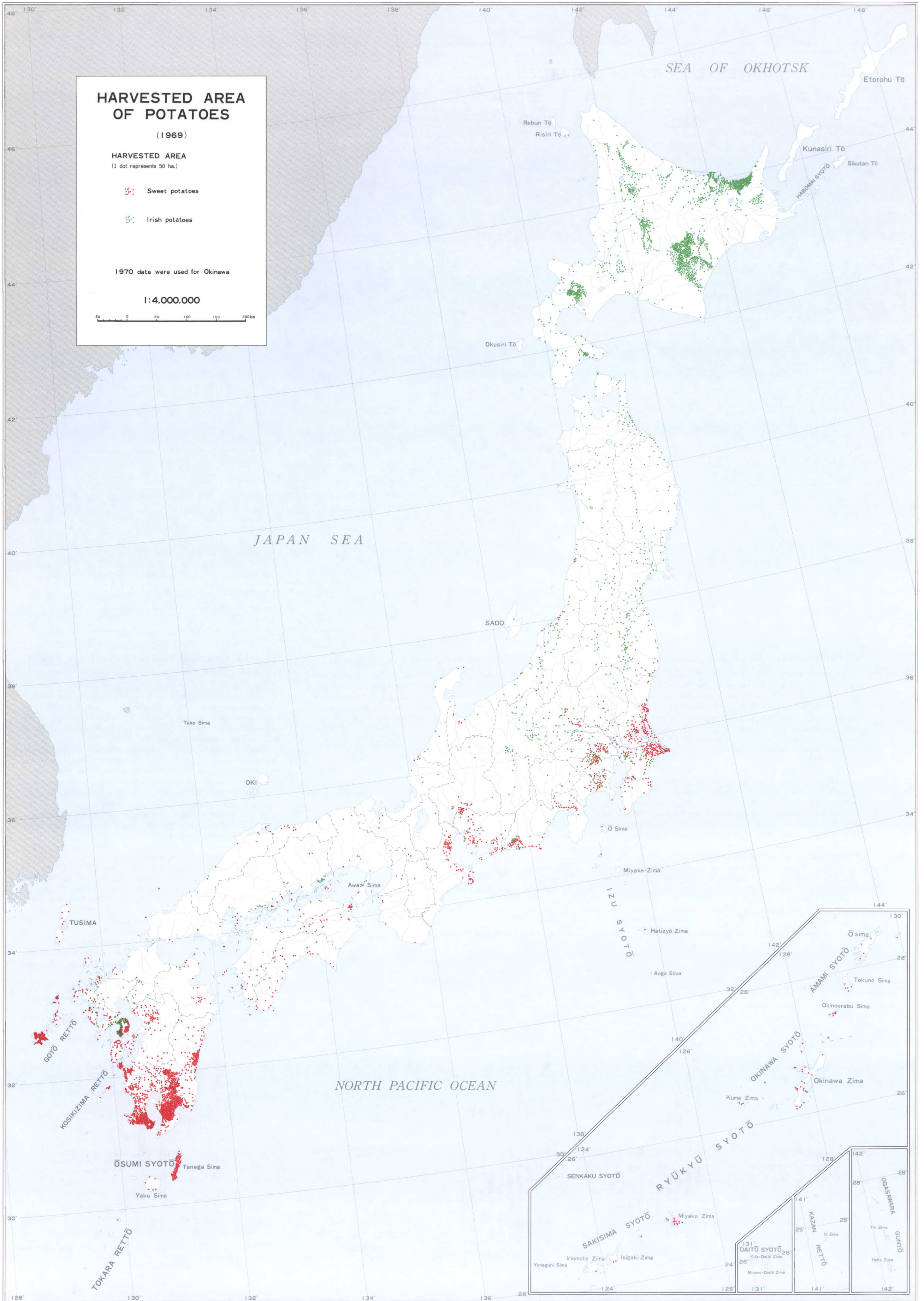
Sources

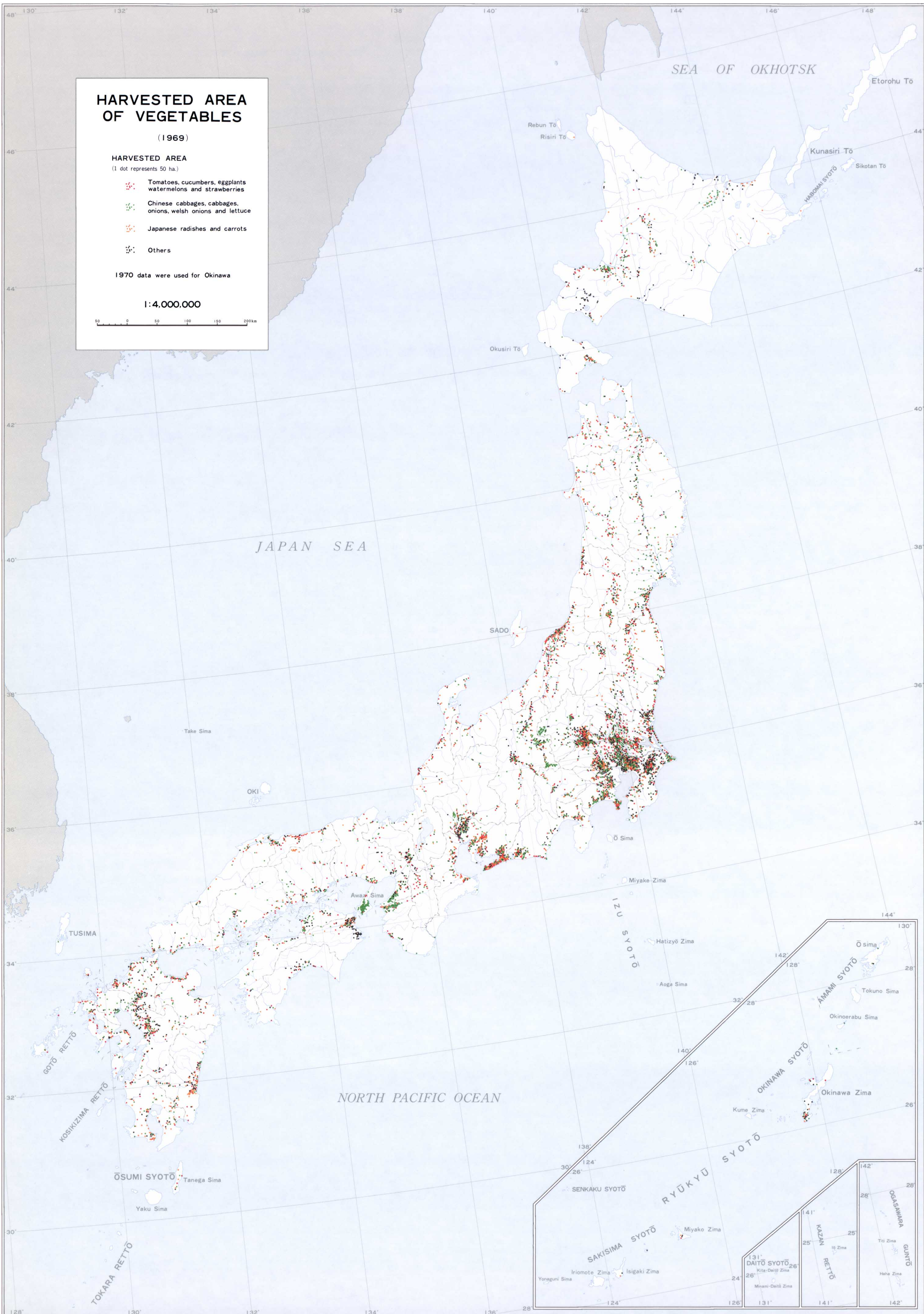
1. Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry, 1970 World Census of Agriculture and Forestry.
2. Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry, 1971 Okinawa Census of Agriculture.
3. Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry, Crop Statistics, 1969 and 1972.



HARVESTED AREA OF POTATOES

35.1





HARVESTED AREA OF FEED AND FORAGE CROPS, FLOWERS, SEEDS AND SEEDLINGS

35.3

